



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
BUREAU OF NAVAL PERSONNEL
5720 INTEGRITY DRIVE
MILLINGTON TN 38055-0000

1401
BUPERS-00B/271
21 Jun 20

From: Deputy Chief of Naval Personnel
To: Secretary of the Navy
Via: Chief of Naval Personnel

Subj: MODIFICATION TO ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION
SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE
RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT
PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER (CHANGE ONE)

Ref: (a) SECNAVINST 1401.3B
(b) NAVADMIN 072/20
(c) NAVADMIN 144/20

Encl: (1) Board Membership
(2) Recorders and Assistant Recorders
(3) Administrative Support Staff

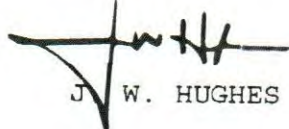
1. In accordance with reference (a), request permission to forward the attached board membership, enclosure (1), Recorders and Assistant Recorders, enclosure (2), and Administrative Support Staff, enclosure (3).

2. Consistent with the FY-21 Navy Reserve Officer and Chief Warrant Officer Promotion Plan, the FY-21 Navy Reserve Officer Promotion Selection Boards' Notice of Convening directed the convening of the Lieutenant Commander Line Promotion Selection Boards on April 13, 2020, or as soon as practicable thereafter. Pursuant to references (b) and (c), while the original convening date has been postponed due to health and safety concerns related to COVID-19, the original date of convening will govern eligibility and communication requirements. All eligibility files, official military personnel files, and letter to the board communications have been frozen as of the original convening date to ensure no eligible candidate will be disadvantaged by the delay in the promotion selection board process.

3. Certification has been completed, ensuring the personnel being added were not a board member previously and the boards' composition still meets the statutory and regulatory requirements.

Subj: MODIFICATION TO ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION
SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE
RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT
PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER (CHANGE ONE)

4. Upon approval of this memo update, enclosures (1) through
(3) will be incorporated in the convening order. The boards are
scheduled to convene on July 20, 2020.



J. W. HUGHES

CNP RECOMMENDATION:

Approve:  7/1/20

Disapprove: _____

ASN (M&RA) DECISION:

Approve:  JUL 13 2020

Disapprove: _____



THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF THE NAVY
(MANPOWER AND RESERVE AFFAIRS)
1000 NAVY PENTAGON
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20350-1000

APR 02 2020

From: Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Manpower and Reserve Affairs)
To: Presidents, FY-21 Navy Reserve Lieutenant Commander Line Promotion Selection Boards
Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER
Ref: (a) FY-21 Active-Duty Navy and Reserve Officer and Chief Warrant Officer Promotion Selection Board Precept
Encl: (1) Board Membership
(2) Recorders and Assistant Recorders
(3) Administrative Support Staff

1. Date and Location

a. The promotion selection boards, consisting of you as presidents, the officers listed in enclosure (1) as members, the officers listed in enclosure (2) as recorders and assistant recorders, and the personnel listed in enclosure (3) as administrative support staff, are ordered to convene at the Navy Personnel Command, Millington, TN, at 0800, April 13, 2020, or as soon as practicable thereafter.

b. The boards shall proceed in accordance with all guidance in this letter and the FY-21 Active-Duty Navy and Reserve Officer and Chief Warrant Officer Promotion Selection Board Precept, reference (a).

2. Promotion Board Authorized Selections. The total number of officers who may be recommended in each competitive category shall be the number that most closely approximates the percentage set forth below of in-zone eligible officers determined as of the date the boards convene. The Chief of Naval Personnel shall determine the number of in-zone eligible officers on the convening date, calculate the number that may be recommended for promotion under the percentages set forth in the FY-21 Navy Reserve Officer Promotion Plan and furnish the number to the boards. If the computation results in a fraction of a number of 0.5 or greater, that fraction is rounded up to the nearest whole number. If the computation results in a fraction

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

of a number less than 0.5, that fraction is rounded down to the nearest whole number. The boards may recommend up to the number provided by the Chief of Naval Personnel.

| <u>COMPETITIVE CATEGORY</u> | <u>PERCENT TO SELECT</u> |
|--|------------------------------|
| Unrestricted Line Officer | 75 |
| Unrestricted Line Officer (FTS) | 94 |
| Special Duty Officer (Human Resources) | 62 |
| Special Duty Officer (Human Resources) (FTS) | 83 |
| Engineering Duty Officer | 75 |
| Aerospace Engineering Duty Officer (Engineering) | 60 |
| Aerospace Engineering Duty Officer (Maintenance) | 67 |
| Aerospace Engineering Duty Officer (Maintenance) (FTS) | 67 |
| Special Duty Officer (Public Affairs) | 71 |
| Special Duty Officer (Strategic Sealift Officer) | 43 |
| Special Duty Officer (Foreign Area) | 100 |
| Special Duty Officer (Oceanography) | 88 |
| Special Duty Officer (Cryptologic Warfare) | 77 |
| Special Duty Officer (Information Professional) | 94 |
| Special Duty Officer (Intelligence) | 72 |
| Limited Duty Officer (Line) | 70 |

3. Equal Consideration of Officers "In Zone" and "Above Zone"

As detailed above, the number of in-zone eligible officers is used only to calculate the total number of selects authorized. There are no individual zone selection limitations or expectations. Accordingly, in determining which officers are best and fully qualified for promotion, you are required to equally consider both above-zone and in-zone officers.

4. Consideration of Reserve Officers "Below the Zone". Below-zone promotions are not authorized for Navy Reserve officers in grades above lieutenant junior grade.

5. Best and Fully Qualified Selection Standard

a. Fully Qualified. All officers recommended for promotion must be fully qualified; that is, each officer recommended must be capable of performing the duties of the next higher pay grade. Officers who do not meet that standard shall not be recommended for promotion.

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

(1) Officers fully qualified for promotion demonstrate an appropriate level of leadership, professional skills, integrity, management acumen, grounding in business practices, and resourcefulness in difficult and challenging assignments. Their personal and professional attributes include adaptability, intelligent risk-taking, critical thinking, innovation, adherence to Navy and Department of Defense (DoD) ethical standards, physical fitness, and loyalty to the Navy core values.

(2) The Navy is composed of men and women representing dozens of different ethnic groups and hundreds of cultural heritages. Fully qualified officers must be capable of leading personnel from widely varying backgrounds and mentoring a diverse workforce while executing the Navy's strategic diversity initiatives. The Navy's ability to meet this leadership challenge depends, in part, on having leaders who reflect our very best, including performance, professional experience, and education.

b. Best Qualified. Among the fully qualified officers, you must recommend for promotion the best qualified officers within their respective competitive category. Proven and sustained superior performance in command or other leadership positions in difficult and challenging assignments is a definitive measure of fitness for promotion. Furthermore, successful performance and leadership in combat conditions demonstrate exceptional promotion potential and should be given special consideration. Each board member shall apply this guidance when deliberating and voting. Additionally, members will use the considerations below to guide their determination of the best qualified officers.

c. Skill Requirements. The Navy must focus on the skills mandated by current needs and on developing the professional competencies required in our future leadership. The Navy and joint force leadership need to comprise a diverse blend of male and female officers who have excelled in both traditional and specialized career paths. Give due consideration to demonstrated performance and expertise in the competency/skill listed in order of significance below. For amplifying information, refer to the competency/skill information, reference (b) to reference (a).

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

Unrestricted Line (11X5/13X5):

1. Operational Analysis (OA)
2. Cyber Operations and Planning
3. Navy Operational Planner
4. Naval Special Warfare (NSW) Experience
5. Mine Warfare
6. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
7. Naval Strategy Subspecialty
8. Joint Experience
9. Language, Regional Expertise, and Cultural (LREC) Experience
10. Education and Training

Unrestricted Line (FTS) (11X7/13X7):

1. Naval Special Warfare (NSW) Experience
2. Financial Resource Management (FM)
3. Education and Training
4. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
5. Joint Experience
6. Cyber Operations and Planning

Human Resources (1205):

1. Operational Analysis (OA)
2. Recruiting Leadership
3. Education and Training
4. Financial Resource Management (FM)
5. Requirements Management
6. Joint Experience

Human Resources (FTS) (1207):

1. Operational Analysis (OA)
2. Financial Resource Management (FM)
3. Cyber Operations and Planning
4. Recruiting Leadership
5. Education and Training
6. Joint Experience

Engineering Duty Officer (14X5):

1. Acquisition Corps
2. Cyber Operations and Planning
3. Nuclear Weapons Technical Experience
4. Integrated Air and Missile Defense (IAMD)
5. Space Cadre

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

6. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
7. Naval Strategist Subspecialty
8. Financial Resource Management (FM)

Aerospace Engineering Duty Officer (Engineering)
(1515):

1. Acquisition Corps
2. Cyber Operations and Planning
3. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
4. Space Cadre
5. Integrated Air and Missile Defense (IAMD)
6. Financial Resource Management (FM)
7. Astronaut Consideration
8. Operational Analysis (OA)
9. Education and Training
10. Joint Experience
11. Shore Installation Management (SIM)

Aerospace Engineering Duty Officer (Maintenance)
(1525):

1. Acquisition Corps
2. Financial Resource Management (FM)
3. Cyber Operations and Planning
4. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
5. Operational Analysis (OA)
6. Education and Training
7. Joint Experience
8. Shore Installation Management (SIM)

Aerospace Engineering Duty Officer (Maintenance)
(FTS) (1527):

1. Acquisition Corps
2. Education and Training
3. Financial Resource Management (FM)
4. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
5. Joint Experience
6. Operational Analysis (OA)
7. Shore Installation Management (SIM)

Public Affairs (1655):

1. N/A

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

Strategic Sealift (1665):

1. Joint Experience
2. Navy Operational Planner
3. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
4. Education and Training

Foreign Area (1715):

1. Language, Regional Expertise, and Cultural (LREC) Experience
2. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
3. Joint Experience

Oceanography (1805):

1. N/A

Cryptologic Warfare (1815):

1. Space Cadre

Information Professional (1825):

1. N/A

Intelligence (1835):

1. N/A

Limited Duty Officer (Line) (6XX5):

1. Expeditionary Warfare and Confronting Irregular Challenges
2. Joint Experience
3. Cyber Operations and Planning
4. Shore Installation Management (SIM)
5. Navy Operational Planner
6. Education and Training
7. Naval Special Warfare (NSW) Experience
8. Human Intelligence (HUMINT)
9. Naval Strategy Subspecialty

d. Additional Considerations. The following are additional considerations in determining the best qualified officers:

(1) Individual Augmentee (IA)/Global Support Assignment (GSA)/Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO)/Irregular Warfare/Afghanistan-Pakistan Hands (APH) Program Assignment

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

(a) The board may give favorable consideration to those officers who have displayed superior performance while serving in IA/GSA/OCO/APH assignments in direct support of OCO, Irregular Warfare, and the National Defense Strategy, and in particular, those IA/GSA/OCO/APH assignments that are extraordinarily arduous or which involve significantly heightened personal risk. These individuals are developing valuable combat and nation-building skills under stressful conditions. Such assignments may not be typical of the officer's traditional community career path, and the officer may be rated by a reporting senior unfamiliar with the officer's specialty and the Navy fitness report system.

(b) IA/GSA/OCO assignments may take an officer out of the normal community career path for periods up to one and a half years. APH assignments consist of extensive specialized training and multiple, non-standard deployments that may take an officer out of the normal community career path for periods of up to three and a half years.

(2) **Education and Professional Development.** The board shall give favorable consideration to those officers with relevant graduate education, experience in specialized areas, and Navy Professional Military Education and Joint Professional Military Education (JPME). In May 2018, the Unrestricted Line (URL) instituted a board selection process for in-residence graduate education programs. That board selection process ensures that URL officers with superior performance records are afforded the opportunity for in-residence graduate education. Cultivation of our best and brightest officers through in-residence learning enhances critical thinking skills with a direct correlation to enhanced warfighting expertise. Beginning with officers in year group 2015, in-residence graduate education will be required prior to assuming major command. In determining officers who are best and fully qualified for promotion, the board should give favorable consideration to officers who have obtained relevant graduate degrees while in-residence.

(a) The Navy values completion of graduate education and development of a subspecialty. Degrees from the Naval Postgraduate School, the Naval War College or equivalent Service institutions, and civilian education programs that result in assignment of a subspecialty code or award of Additional Qualification Designation (AQD) codes are desirable. Proven

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

expertise from an experience tour utilizing that subspecialty is
fundamental to development of Navy leaders.

(b) The Navy values competitive scholarships and
fellowships, examples of which include: Olmsted Scholar,
Marshall Scholar, Rhodes Scholar, White House Fellowship,
Secretary of Defense (SECDEF) Corporate Fellowship, Tours with
Industry, Fleet Scholars Education Program, and Federal
Executive Fellowships (e.g., politico-military and cyber).

(c) Best qualified officers seek opportunities to
broaden their cultural awareness through experiences and
education and to enable better communication in a global
operating environment.

(d) The Navy values the importance of Naval Reserve
Officer Training Corps (NROTC) and U.S. Naval Academy (USNA)
duty in building and developing future Navy leaders. When
reviewing an officer's qualifications for the next higher grade,
you should give favorable consideration to NROTC/USNA
assignments.

(3) **Innovation and Efficiency.** A critical goal of the
Navy is to encourage -- to demand -- innovation and efficiency
to ensure that we retain an adaptive, flexible, and effective
naval force able to anticipate events and win across the full
spectrum of conflict. In your consideration, recognize that the
continued preeminence of the Navy in the future is inextricably
linked to its ability to successfully change and to manage for
efficiency. Our future depends on male and female leaders who
have demonstrated their awareness of this fact. Within the
charter of best and fully qualified, seek to select these
officers.

(a) In this age of limited resources and fiscal
constraints, application of energy resource management and
technology is of vital importance. Our institution must create
energy solutions that make facilities and installations more
energy efficient and encourage superior management of energy
resources.

(b) Likewise, we must not restrict or limit the
opportunity of any officer to think creatively, develop new
ideas, take prudent risks, and maximize capabilities through
sound management practices. Bear in mind that, in the context

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

of a changing Navy, officers demonstrating innovative thinking, efficient management skills, prudent risk taking, and effective business practices, may reflect a variety of backgrounds.

(4) **Acquisition Corps Considerations.** Acquisition Corps officers possess the qualifications to manage the development, acquisition, and life cycle support of the Navy's current and future platforms and associated systems. The URL, Aerospace Engineering Duty Officers, and Engineering Duty Officer communities all contain Acquisition Corps officers. In addition, contracting skills are based in the Supply Corps and Civil Engineer Corps. While there are specific needs and backgrounds in each community, there are overarching acquisition skill sets which are valued and found in all of these communities. Officers who possess these skills, regardless of the community to which they belong, are valued and necessary for the health of the Acquisition Corps, and should be considered in the broad context of the Acquisition Corps. Examples of these overarching skill sets include technical and operational knowledge of Command, Control, Communications, Computers, and Intelligence (C4I), combat systems, unmanned systems, systems engineering, enterprise information systems, information technology (IT), and weapons and major weapons systems (e.g., ships and aircraft). In determining the best and fully qualified officers for promotion, you shall give equal consideration to outstanding performance whether in an acquisition or non-acquisition position.

e. **Demonstration of Core Attributes.** The challenges facing our Navy are growing in scope, scale, and pace. To meet these challenges, the Navy needs male and female leaders who have demonstrated estimable character and are prepared for decentralized operations. You should give careful consideration to officers who demonstrate the four core attributes that guide our decisions and actions: integrity, accountability, initiative, and toughness. Integrity may be demonstrated as an individual or as a team member, by displaying conduct that is upright and honorable, and by working to strengthen the resolve of his or her peers, superiors, and subordinates. Accountability may be demonstrated by achieving and maintaining high standards, honestly assessing progress, and adjusting as required. Officers demonstrate initiative by taking ownership, acting to the limit of their authorities, and looking at new ideas with an open mind. Toughness can mean marshalling all sources of strength and resilience, including rigorous training,

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

encouraging the fighting spirit of our people, and providing steadfast support of our families. Officers who demonstrate these core attributes ensure the U.S. Navy remains the world's finest navy and deserve your careful consideration when selecting officers who are best and fully qualified.

f. Consideration of Reserve Officers. Within the Reserve Component (RC), a variety of service options are available to help meet the needs of the Navy. In general, Selected Reserve (SELRES) participation is critical to meeting the strategic and operational needs of the Navy. However, there are times when operational needs may be met by periods of active duty including mobilization, active duty for special work, and active duty for training while a Sailor is not in a SELRES status. Additionally, there are times, such as upon completing an active-duty period, when short breaks from the SELRES may be necessary. These time periods should be viewed in the context of a continuum of service. Participation in the SELRES, in general, is a critical factor in determining best and fully qualified.

g. Full Time Support (FTS) Community Considerations. FTS officers perform a statutory role in "organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components" (section 12310 of title 10, U.S. Code), and favorable consideration should be given to those FTS officers who have displayed superior performance in critical staff, leadership, or command tours for which reserve management is the primary mission.

(1) Dual career paths. Many FTS officers, particularly in the URL and Human Resources (HR) communities, complete a balance of operational or community-specific milestone tours (e.g., commanding officer and major staff assignments) and Reserve Management milestone tours (e.g., Navy Operational Support Center (NOSC) commanding officer and Navy Reserve major staff assignments). Success and sustained exceptional performance in these areas are the most important attributes to consider. Officers selected must have demonstrated exceptional managerial skill and professional competence in operational, executive, and staff roles. In determining those officers best qualified for promotion, you should consider favorably those officers who have served in a broad spectrum of assignments requiring expertise in diverse functional areas. Operational requirements can sometimes limit the Reserve Management

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

assignments of some officers and this limitation should not
disadvantage these officers.

(2) **Subspecialty requirements.** Due to the unique aspects of the Reserve Force, FTS officers with expertise in IT and financial management are required to manage the varied Reserve IT systems and to manage Reserve Personnel Navy and Operational Management Navy Reserve accounts. Although these subspecialty qualifications are a core requirement for a portion of the FTS HR community, officers of any designator may possess them. Regardless of designator, these subspecialties are critical to the FTS community and should receive favorable consideration.

(3) **Diverse career backgrounds prior to selection as FTS Officers.** Navy Reserve officers who have been recalled to active duty will often have fewer active-duty fitness reports than their active component (AC) peers. Due consideration shall be given to the fitness reports available and the quality of performance reflected in the record. An officer's record shall not be discounted simply because it contains fewer active-duty fitness reports than a peer's record.

6. **Unrestricted Line (URL) Considerations.** Each URL community has a separate and distinct career path, with milestones that do not necessarily correlate to one another. For example, naval aviation officers do not serve as a department head in the grade of lieutenant, whereas other URL officers normally do. In determining best and fully qualified officers, the board may consider demonstrated superior performance in leadership positions as strong indication of future potential. However, the board should not view the absence of such experience negatively where the typical career path does not include opportunities for equivalent lieutenant leadership positions across all officers of the URL. As always, sustained superior performance in any duties assigned is what provides positive indication of future potential to serve in the next higher grade.

7. **Human Resources (HR) Community Considerations.** In addition to the basic attributes of sustained superior performance in positions of increased responsibility, the below is provided to assist in evaluating candidates:

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

a. Almost all gains in the HR Community are from URL lateral transfers at the lieutenant level. Most officers will have attained a warfare qualification and completed successful tours in their previous community. Upon redesignation into the HR Community, many officers will be sent directly to Naval Postgraduate School to complete an HR-related master's degree. Some will have not observed fitness reports covering significant periods of time. Education is valued by the HR Community.

b. Officers who have a successful track record of sustained superior performance in their previous community, as an HR officer, and/or in IA/GSA/OCO/APH assignments indicate potential to succeed at the level of lieutenant commander.

c. Officers who have a master's degree, particularly HR-focused (including operations research analysis, manpower systems analysis, financial management, and education and training (plus IT for FTS)), indicate potential to grasp complex human capital concepts and provide analytical rigor as a human capital analyst within the HR community.

d. Officers who maintain an industry recognized HR-related certification (or IT certification for FTS) have demonstrated the ability to understand and apply myriad human capital theories, concepts, and laws/regulations critical to policy development and execution across the Navy.

8. Engineering Duty Officer (EDO) Community Considerations.

Doctoral education is a strategic investment in the future. Advanced graduate education is an important element in maintaining a high velocity learning workforce that is resilient, knowledgeable, ready to address rapid technological advancements, and necessary to help the Navy solve problems, plan, lead, respond, adapt, and innovate in increasingly complex environments. As such, EDOs who obtain a technical doctorate degree from a military service college or civilian institution, either in a Navy-funded billet or independently, should be given favorable consideration.

9. Aerospace Engineering Duty Officer (AEDO) Community Considerations.

Officers under consideration for promotion to lieutenant commander have been selected for lateral transfer based on their sustained superior fleet performance. Board members should examine an officer's entire record to assess leadership and performance.

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

10. Public Affairs Officer (PAO) Community Considerations

a. PAOs use public communication skills, strategies and tactics to support a commander's objectives. Career progression produces senior PAOs who can lead an organization's public communication enterprise and who demonstrate an awareness of and ability to navigate the information environment to achieve desired communication end states. Successful senior PAOs communicate strategically, demonstrate critical thinking, conduct thorough problem analysis, execute tactically, and provide astute counsel to flag officers and staffs. Providing direct public communication support to three- and four-star flag and general officers, and senior executives, including political appointees, and leadership of public communication efforts across large organizations at Echelons I and II are the pinnacles of a PAO's career. As such, sustained superior performance in diverse billets, particularly direct senior leader support, operational staffs, community leadership, Washington, D.C. headquarters, and joint staffs, indicates strong potential for future success, keeping in mind that an officer's career track may not include all desired career milestones due to the recently enacted career milestone and progression model.

b. URL officer lateral transfer, Probationary Officer Continuation and Redesignation Boards, and Indefinite Reserve recalls are the primary levers for gaining officers into the PAO Community. Upon redesignation into the PAO Community or recall, officers will be sent directly to the PAO Qualification Course at the Defense Information School before their first PAO assignment. Their first assignment is typically at CHINFO Headquarters, CHINFO field activities, CVN, or a Navy Public Affairs Support Element, depending upon billet vacancy.

c. PAOs who have a successful track record of sustained superior performance directly supporting senior leaders (O-6 or higher) in articulating and communicating the commander's vision, mission, and objectives; who can create, review, and distribute public affairs content and products; and, who can implement public affairs in an operational or high visibility environment with communication counsel and execution indicate potential to succeed as a lieutenant commander.

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

d. PAOs who have a successful track record of sustained superior performance in independent duty and staff assignments indicate potential to succeed as a lieutenant commander.

e. Completion of joint education is valuable in the development of senior PAOs. PAOs who have successfully completed JPME Phase I should be given favorable consideration.

f. PAOs who obtain a post-graduate degree from a military service college or civilian institution, either in a Navyfunded billet or independently, should be given favorable consideration.

11. Strategic Sealift Officer (SSO) Community Considerations

a. The SSO Community provides a trained, experienced, properly licensed, and credentialed pool of merchant marine naval officers to supplement the manning of the surge sealift fleet in times of war or national emergency. The SSO community has two separate but equal career progression tracks: (1) SELRES and (2) Individual Ready Reserve (IRR). Both tracks provide fully qualified officers for consideration by the board.

b. The best qualified officers will have a successful track record of sustained superior performance and increasing scope of responsibilities in reserve leadership positions and active duty assignments indicating potential to succeed. Favorable consideration should be given to officers with mobilization, active duty for special work, recall, extended Active Duty for Training (ADT) experience, advanced education, and civilian maritime leadership experience/subject matter expertise. Designation as a JQO, a successful tour in a joint billet, and completion of joint education are valued.

c. The SSO program has the only managed and funded IRR community with a mission in the Navy Reserve. IRR officers are often limited in their ability to participate due to civilian merchant marine careers that require them to be at sea for extended periods. Their reserve participation requirement is 12 days of ADT each fiscal year and the fitness report for the period is often not observed. Favorable consideration should be given to these officers based on their civilian mariner leadership, experience, credentials, and licenses.

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

d. Fully qualified officers will have an SSO warfare qualification listed as a special qualification in the Officer Summary Record (OSR) as: SSO WARFARE.

e. Fully qualified officers will have a United States Coast Guard (USCG) Merchant Mariner Credential (MMC). MMCs are documented as AQDs in the OSR as a special qualification. A MMC renewal or upgrade that has been approved by the USCG, but not issued, is to be considered as valid with supporting documentation from the USCG.

(1) The best qualified officers will have an advanced USCG MMC (categories (a), (b), and (c) directly below). Attainment or maintenance of an advanced MMC demonstrates operational and leadership abilities indicating greater potential to succeed. From senior to junior, MMCs and their corresponding AQD short titles, as listed as special qualifications in the OSR, are:

(a) Master (MASTER) or Chief Engineer (STM CHENG, MTR CHENG, GT CHENG);

(b) Chief Mate (DO CH MATE) or First Assistant Engineer (STM 1ST ASST, MTR 1ST ASST, GT 1ST ASST);

(c) Second Mate (DO SECMATE) or Second Assistant Engineer (STM 2ND ASST, MTR 2ND ASST, GT 2ND ASST); and,

(d) Third Mate (DO THRDMATE) or Third Assistant Engineer (STM 3RD ASST, MTR 3RD ASST, GT 3RD ASST).

(2) SELRES officers should be given favorable consideration for a valid Standards of Training, Certification, and Watchkeeping endorsement on their MMC.

f. Favorable consideration should also be given to IRR and SELRES lieutenants who have attained or maintained an advanced MMC.

12. Foreign Area Officer (FAO) Community Considerations. FAOs should possess solid fleet and joint operational experience, and demonstrate leadership commensurate with rank in one or more primary critical lines of effort: Security Assistance, Defense Attaché System, and/or major staff (joint, operational, or interagency). FAOs increase U.S. Navy and joint force

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

understanding and awareness of human, diplomatic, military, and environmental factors in foreign theaters; develop synchronized U.S. Navy, joint, and interagency plans, policies, and proposals; and, implement operations, actions, and investments in order to advance U.S. Navy and joint force objectives in foreign theaters. To perform this mission, FAOs must develop and hone a sharp understanding of international politico-military affairs through operational experience and in-country tours. The scope of FAO responsibilities extends beyond outstanding language proficiency. FAOs should be forward-thinking military planners and strategic effects operators, who deliver tangible results to yield the U.S. Navy a superior global strategic position over great power competitors and key state adversaries in order to ensure maritime superiority and success in pursuit of national objectives. FAOs establish, maintain, and advance information superiority over adversaries; advance U.S. Navy and joint force influence in foreign countries and theaters; advance U.S. Navy and joint force access and posture in foreign countries; and, advance partner capability, capacity, interoperability, and will to conduct operations aligned with U.S. interests.

a. The FAO community is organized into five sub-groups representing each of the five geographic combatant commanders: FA-1 CENTCOM, FA-2 INDOPACOM, FA-3 SOUTHCOM, FA-4 EUCOM, and FA-5 AFRICOM. To be fully qualified and receive the FA AQD, all FAOs must: complete a regionally-focused politico-military master's degree or equivalent (as determined by Assistant Secretary of the Navy (Manpower and Reserve Affairs)), a Defense Language Proficiency Test (DLPT) (modalities: listening/reading/speaking level 2/2/2 or higher) in a regionally-focused language, and at least six months of in-region experience. FAOs working toward achieving the FA AQD are assigned an FT AQD until certified complete by the FAO Officer Community Manager.

b. Non-observed time during language study, master's education, and billet-specific training (attaché or Security Assistance) should not be viewed as detrimental to promotion potential due to the substantial time required to achieve these qualifications.

c. Officers best qualified for promotion will demonstrate commitment to improving regional politico-military expertise and foreign language capability by exercising continuous education

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

opportunities and foreign language instruction. FAOs should strive towards a documented DLPT score of 3/3/3 (listening/reading/speaking) in at least one language of their assigned area of responsibility (AOR), with an annual documented minimum DLPT scores of 2/2 (listening/reading) or higher.

d. Officers are laterally transferred into the FAO community based on sustained superior performance in the fleet and demonstrated aptitude to excel as politico-military and linguistic professionals. A majority of lieutenants assessed into the community will not have met all FA AQD requirements due to accession timing. Significant progress toward achievement of the FA AQD is highly valued as progress toward lieutenant commander promotion. However, officers who lateral transferred into the FAO community within the last year should not be penalized for a lack of progress toward their FA AQD because they often cannot be detailed to begin their FAO training track for up to 12 months following redesignation to FAO.

13. Information Warfare Community (IWC) Considerations

a. Comprising officers of the Oceanography (180X), Cryptologic Warfare (181X), Information Professionals (182X), Naval Intelligence (183X), and Cyber Warfare Engineer (184X) communities and the Space Cadre, the IWC was created to more effectively and collaboratively lead and manage the officers who possess extensive skills in information-intensive specialties. The IWC aspires to assure command and control, generate predictive battle space awareness, and deliver integrated non-kinetic and kinetic fires, including effective maneuver across cyberspace, the electromagnetic spectrum, and space as a warfighting capability, within fleet and joint force.

b. The Navy needs officers who possess unimpeachable credentials, deep technical/operational experience in the IWC domain, are innovative and bold, think creatively and challenge assumptions, and take well-calculated risks to maximize effectiveness. As such, board members should view an officer's performance in leadership assignments as an indicator of his or her ability to lead diverse organizations across the range of IWC missions and functions. Best qualified candidates will be top performers and will have experience leading, planning, and executing operations across a range of Information Warfare (IW) disciplines.

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

c. As of May 31, 2013, all officers in competitive categories that compose the IWC began receiving competitive rankings within combined IWC summary groups in block 42 of fitness reports. However, officers in competitive categories that compose the IWC continue to compete for promotion within their respective individual community competitive categories. As such, summary group position may not fully show an officer's position relative to competitive category peers.

d. Space operations and acquisition represent an important IWC skill set whose demand signal is growing. Numerous IWC milestone billets now require space expertise, to include the Information Warfare Commander afloat, one of the pinnacle billets for an IW officer. While not a separate designator, IWC personnel with space training/education and experience will be identified by a Navy Space Cadre AQD (operations: VS5-8 and/or acquisition: VR1-3) representing space experience/expertise, which is valued by Navy Leadership and the IWC specifically. This expertise is obtained through space-related experience and leadership tours on major Navy, joint and interagency staffs and commands (ashore and afloat), operational space commands, and space acquisition organizations. In addition to demonstrated performance in designator and as a Navy warfighter, the best qualified Space Cadre leaders will have demonstrated the ability to optimize joint and fleet space operations to meet maritime warfighting requirements and/or deliver space-based capabilities to the warfighter. The Navy's contribution to the successful development of the nascent Space Force will require naval officers with these skill sets to play key leadership roles.

e. The Navy values those IW community officers who have qualified as Warfare Tactics Instructors (WTIs) via the program instituted by the Naval Information Warfighting Development Center (NIWDC). These officers will have demonstrated both superior tactical acumen and instructor attributes in their specific mission areas and IW. The personal commitment and resource investment in these officers is significant and officers successfully serving as a WTI are vital to the future evolution of IW tactics in the Navy.

f. These considerations are relevant to all active and RC IWC officers, although billet opportunities and career assignments differ for reservists. For instance, there are no milestone billets or WTIs in the Naval Information Force Reserve. Due consideration shall be given to officers who have

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

consistently demonstrated sustained superior performance and increasing duties and responsibilities. Officers should have deep knowledge and understanding of the core competencies of their respective communities. Standout performance while serving in command leadership billets should be considered favorably. The best-qualified reserve senior officers will have successfully completed commanding officer and executive officer tours. Space Cadre qualifications are highly valued. Any officer who has earned JPME credit and an advanced degree shall be regarded more favorably.

14. Oceanography (OCEANO) Community Considerations

a. The OCEANO Community's core mission capability and capacity draws on the experience and expertise in the fields of meteorology, oceanography, precise time and astrometry, bathymetry, geophysics and hydrography, and is focused on providing timely and relevant support to fleet and joint operations. OCEANO officers typically develop foundational expertise in assignments at operational meteorology and oceanography (METOC) commands.

b. Demonstrated expertise in one or more of the core missions of meteorology, oceanography, precise time and astrometry, bathymetry, geophysics, and hydrography is the foundation of the OCEANO Community. Expertise in multiple warfighting areas is highly valued. OCEANO officers should have balanced professional experience, to include demonstrated leadership, operational proficiency and qualifications, and technical expertise. Proven and sustained superior performance in documented positions of leadership and in difficult, challenging, and arduous operational assignments is the ultimate test of readiness for promotion selection.

c. Education is valuable and highly regarded for OCEANO officers. All officers will participate in advanced education leading to a Master's of Science degree in Meteorology and/or Physical Oceanography. Additional graduate level education is also valued. Officers who have participated in advanced education leading to a technical master's degree or a PhD will have non-observed fitness reports covering significant periods of time in their careers.

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

d. Officers in the OCEANO Community are eligible for, and generally granted, a scientific waiver for the JQO designation requirement for flag officer promotion. However, JPME and joint experience are highly valued.

e. Most officers will have a mix of assignments in both the OCEANO Community and URL fields prior to lateral transition. Both are equally valuable and board members should examine an officer's entire record to assess career potential, leadership, and operational expertise to determine best qualified.

15. Cryptologic Warfare (CW) Community Considerations

a. The CW community is built on technical and operational knowledge of the information warfare domain (specifically electromagnetic spectrum and cyberspace) gained throughout a career of cryptologic tours afloat (ship's company, staff) and ashore (Navy Information Operations Commands (NIOCs), National Security Agency (NSA), numbered fleet, COCOM).

b. CW core mission areas are signals intelligence (SIGINT), electronic warfare (EW), and cyber. CW operational capacity is principally organized into CW commands (NIOCs, Cryptologic Warfare Group SIX, Navy Cyber Warfare Development Group (NCWDG), and Navy Cyber Defense Operations Command) and is presented to supported commanders in both the fleet and joint arena.

c. CW officers typically develop deep foundational SIGINT and cyber expertise in assignments at NIOCs and staffs aligned with Cryptologic Centers and NSA/CSS. CW officers gain SIGINT and EW expertise in embedded maritime and expeditionary environments, assigned to surface combatants as ship's company or afloat staff, NAVSPECWAR commands/units as a Direct Support Officer (aboard surface, subsurface, or airborne platforms), or IAs as an augmentee (Service, national, or joint). Experience in SIGINT is denoted by the BI-series AQDs, while EW experience is reflected through the BL-series AQDs. CW officers gain cyber expertise under the operational control of U.S. Cyber Command (USCYBERCOM), its naval component command, U.S. Fleet Cyber Command (FLTCYBERCOM), NSA and joint arena (Joint Forces Headquarters/geographic combatant commands). These commands integrate tactically and operationally with fleet and joint forces in planning and executing operations worldwide. Cyber experience is documented through the BO-series AQDs.

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

Additionally, CW officers make up a significant portion of the Navy's Space Cadre (VS-series AQDs) and can qualify for the Navy's Acquisition Corps.

d. All officers should demonstrate progress toward completion of an advanced degree (master's or doctorate degree) during their career. Advanced education in a science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) field is preferred, but not required. All officers should also progress toward JQO qualification.

e. The CW Community is a mix of direct accessions and lateral transfers from other communities at the lieutenant level. All fully qualified CW lieutenant commanders must be qualified CW officers, have earned their Information Warfare Officer (IWO) warfare qualification, and have a successful track record in their previous community or in tactical CW officer assignments to indicate potential to succeed as a CW lieutenant commander. Tactical CW experience tours may include surface, subsurface, air, or special warfare assignments, either Permanent Change of Station-afloat or Direct Support (DIRSUP), and are reflected by the BI-series AQDs. All officers must possess a bachelor's degree.

f. The best of fully qualified CW officers will have demonstrated proficiency in at least one CW core mission area (SIGINT, EW, or cyber). Strong leadership performance and innovation in operational assignments is highly valued. Additional consideration should be given to those who qualify as a NIWDC WTI Instructor or serve as an Information Warfare Training Command instructor. There is a critical need to select officers with space experience (VS5 or higher AQD). The best qualified candidates should demonstrate progress toward advanced education (e.g., master's degree, post-graduate technical certification, or doctorate degree), and/or JPME Phase I.

16. Information Professional (IP) Community Considerations

a. Leadership and demonstrated operational excellence in IP core competencies (communications, combat systems, space operations, network operations, offensive and defensive cyber operations, electromagnetic spectrum management, and knowledge management) is the cornerstone of success for IP officers. Future leaders of the IP community must have a proven record at sea or in shore operational tours and have demonstrated

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

technical IP expertise supporting naval and joint operations. The most competitive officers will have diversity in assignments to include OPNAV or major headquarters staff, numbered fleet and/or TYCOM, assignments in combat zones, and a balance between afloat staffs, ship's company, squadron/detachment, or expeditionary tours. Space Cadre experience and acquisition experience are also valued, in addition to operational assignments. Afloat and ashore tours in different geographic locations are highly valued as they demonstrate a breadth of experience and knowledge of global Navy operations.

b. The IP community gains a significant number of officers through lateral transfer or redesignation, typically at lieutenant and lieutenant commander. For promotion eligibility purposes, some of these officers will not have completed the IP-specific community/operational leadership assignments prior to redesignation. As such, the board is encouraged to evaluate an officer's demonstrated sustained superior performance and warfare qualifications to identify those best qualified to serve in more senior IP leadership positions.

c. Fully qualified officers will have completed their IP Basic qualification and their IWO warfare qualification. Fully qualified officers will also have completed their bachelor's degree.

d. Officers who have made progress towards a technical master's degree should be given extra consideration. Sustained superior performance in key IP/IWC leadership assignments and operational planning experience are highly valued.

e. Best qualified officers will have demonstrated superior performance in lieutenant operational assignments afloat and ashore.

f. A significant number of limited duty officers from designators 682X and 629X have redesignated and will compete for promotion with their 182X peers. In addition, the 182X community is a new off-ramp community for the 629X designator and former 629X officers may not have completed 182X specific requirements. The board should give due consideration and commensurate weight to demonstrated performance in operational tours when assessing their ability to serve in more senior IP positions.

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

17. Intelligence (Intel) Community Considerations

a. Leadership, demonstrated professional warfighting competence, and sustained superior performance are the hallmarks of a successful naval intelligence officer. Senior intelligence officers must possess a well-rounded career that demonstrates proven leadership in operationally-challenging environments, Navy and joint operational warfighting proficiency and expertise in conducting all-source operational intelligence. Intelligence officers are experts on the adversary and threats, and developing deep expertise on our nation's strategic competitors is an imperative. A limited number of naval intelligence officer (1830) billets support the DoD-wide, joint-service RAIDER CUTLASS initiative. Officers serving in these billets are expected to complete the same professional milestone and leadership requirements. All officers should demonstrate progress toward completion of advanced education and JQO qualification.

b. Fully qualified officers must have earned their IWO qualification. Best qualified officers will be top performers and will have demonstrated superior performance in operational assignments afloat and ashore.

c. Some officers will have a mix of assignments in both the Intel Community and another Navy community prior to redesignation into the Intel Community. Both are equally valuable and board members are encouraged to examine an officer's entire record to assess career potential, leadership, and warfare understanding.

18. Limited Duty Officer (LDO) Considerations. Success of Naval operations is highly dependent on protecting our force with effective antiterrorism and force protection (AT/FP). To sustain effective AT/FP it is imperative that the Navy maintain a cadre of security officer LDOs (649X) at the lieutenant commander and commander paygrades. Fully qualified security LDOs will possess a strong working knowledge of, and well-documented experience in force protection, antiterrorism, and Navy Security Force operations. It is desired that the candidate have had diverse billet assignments performing mission essential duties across a variety of complex Navy Security Force mission areas, such as installations, afloat, nuclear weapons

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-21 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO
CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE ON THE RESERVE ACTIVE-
STATUS LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE
GRADE OF LIEUTENANT COMMANDER

security, training/assessment, and staffs. The board may give favorable consideration for valuable contributions made through superior performance in this specialty area.

19. Recommendation for Reorder of Officers of Particular Merit


a. After the board has determined all best and fully qualified officers who should be recommended for promotion, it shall proceed to determine whether any of the recommended officers are of particular merit to be placed higher on the promotion list than their lineal number would place them. The officers recommended for merit-based reordering are, in the opinion of the majority of the members of the board, to be placed higher on the promotion list and in the order recommended; or, no officers are recommended for merit-based reordering, in the opinion of the majority of the members of the board.

b. A number not to exceed 15 percent of the total selections authorized for each grade and competitive category may be placed higher on the promotion list unless the number calculated is less than 1, in which case the number that may be placed higher on the promotion list is 1. The board may determine that no officers should be placed higher on the promotion list than their lineal number would place them.

c. Officers of particular merit are those officers whose records contain documented performance consistently superior to the performance of other officers recommended for promotion by this board.

d. No officer recommended for promotion shall be moved down on the promotion list except by insertion of the name of an officer of particular merit above that officer's name.

e. If the board recommends officers of particular merit be placed higher on the promotion list, then the board shall recommend the order in which those officers should be placed on the list.


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