#### THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY



WASHINGTON DC 20350-1000

SEP - 7 2023

From:	Secretary of the Navy
To:	President, FY-25 Active-Duty Rear Admiral (lower half)
	Line and Staff Corps Promotion Selection Boards

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-25 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE AND STAFF CORPS ON THE

ACTIVE-DUTY LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO

THE GRADE OF REAR ADMIRAL (LOWER HALF)

Ref: (a) FY-25 Active-Duty and Reserve Navy Flag Officer Promotion Selection Board Precept

Encl: (1) Board Members

- (2) Board Recorders and Administrative Support
- (3) Statutory and Regulatory Promotion Objectives

# 1. Date and Location

- a. The promotion selection boards, consisting of you as president and the officers listed in enclosures (1) and (2), are ordered to convene at Navy Personnel Command, Millington, TN, at 0800, Tuesday, September 26, 2023, or as soon as practicable thereafter.
- b. The boards shall proceed in accordance with all guidance in this letter, the FY-25 Active-Duty and Reserve Navy Flag Officer Promotion Selection Board Precept, reference (a), and Statutory and Regulatory Promotion Objectives, enclosure (3).
- 2. <u>Promotion Board Authorized Selections</u>. The zones for selection to flag have been set forth in the FY-25 Active-Duty Flag Officer Promotion Plan. The boards may recommend up to the number I have provided below.

COMPETITIVE CATEGORY	NUMBER TO SELECT
Unrestricted Line	19
Restricted Line	
Acquisition Line Community	4
Information Warfare Community	2
Foreign Expertise	1
Staff Corps	
Supply Corps	2

1

1

Civil Engineer Corps
Senior Health Care Executive

## 3. Best and Fully Qualified Selection Standard

- a. <u>Fully Qualified</u>. All officers recommended for promotion must be fully qualified; that is, each officer recommended must be capable of performing the duties of the next higher pay grade. Officers that do not meet this standard shall not be recommended for promotion.
- (1) Officers fully qualified for promotion should show a readiness for leading and solving problems at larger and larger scales.
- (a) Their performance must reflect Navy Core Values: Honor, accountability for my behavior, mindful of the privilege to serve my fellow Americans; Courage, the moral and mental strength to do what is right, with confidence and resolution even in the face of temptation or adversity; and Commitment, joining together as a team to improve the quality of our work, our people, and ourselves.
- (b) Upon this foundation of Navy Core Values, they must show a mindset of continuous self-improvement, a desire to Get Real and Get Better every day. This includes the ability to: Self-Assess, to be absolutely honest, humble and transparent in determining the actual performance of themselves and their teams; Self-Correct, to apply problem solving frameworks to pursue root cause and solve Navy's hardest problems in a lasting way; and Always Learn, to pursue knowledge and apply learning from diverse sources in order to make themselves and their teams better.
- (c) In applying this mindset, they must demonstrate an ability to build teams and rapidly collaborate across diverse organizations to solve problems and achieve lasting outcomes. In doing so, they will model the belief that our people and culture are the Navy's asymmetric advantage, showing dignity and respect for everyone, regardless of background or rank. In addition, they will measure themselves by creating opportunities to remove barriers to individual, team, and Navy warfighting excellence.

- Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-25 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE AND STAFF CORPS ON THE ACTIVE-DUTY LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF REAR ADMIRAL (LOWER HALF)
- (2) As a matter of policy, the following are to be considered essential elements of a fully qualified officer:
- (a) There should be no restrictions on an officer's assignability. An officer, once selected, must be capable of being assigned to a flag officer billet immediately upon confirmation by the U.S. Senate.
- (b) There should be no restrictions on an officer's ability to assume any job on the Joint Duty Assignment List (JDAL). Unless eligible for a waiver under DoD Instruction 1300.19, a fully qualified officer must be designated as a Joint Qualified Officer (JQO) prior to promotion to flag rank.
- 1. In order to ensure that selectees will be designated as JQO prior to their promotion date, all selectees must have documented in their official record that they completed Joint Professional Military Education (JPME) I and II and must have been awarded full joint tour credit for serving in a JDAL billet (in the grade of O-4 or above), or be currently serving in a JDAL billet and have completed a minimum of 24 full months (day-for-day), or have accrued a combination of approved experience points and months served in JDAL tours, in the grade of O-4 or above (cumulative credit and/or currently serving) that equals 24 or more points, as of the convening date of the board.
- 2. In accordance with DoD Instruction 1300.19, officers with particular scientific and technical skills, and officers with certain professional specialties, are eligible for a waiver from the JQO designation requirement. Scientific or technical waivers may be granted for officers in the following categories: Oceanography, Civil Engineer Corps, Engineering, Aeronautical Engineering, Acquisition, Aviation Maintenance, and Public Affairs. Professional waivers may be granted for officers within the following categories: Medical Corps, Dental Corps, Medical Service Corps, Nurse Corps, Chaplain Corps, and Judge Advocate General's Corps.
- 3. You should be aware that officers who have not been designated as a JQO, or who have not served at least 24 months in a joint duty assignment and completed full JPME, or who do not qualify for a scientific, technical, or professional waiver, will require a "Good of the Service" waiver to permit their promotion to flag rank and must serve their initial flag

officer assignments in joint positions. Under policy established by the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD), the Secretary of Defense personally reviews all "Good of the Service" waiver requests under a strict standard, and such waivers typically are only approved under extreme circumstances and must be fully justified. The Navy needs flag officers with joint experience skills who are immediately eligible for appointment and able to serve in assignments other than joint duty assignments in their first flag tour. This is a factor for you to consider in determining which officers are fully qualified for promotion.

- (3) The Navy is composed of men and women representing dozens of different ethnic groups and hundreds of cultural heritages. Fully qualified officers must have shown the ability to successfully lead and mentor a diverse workforce, while executing the Navy's strategic diversity initiatives and effectively retaining the right quality and quantity of performance-proven personnel.
- b. <u>Best Qualified</u>. Among the fully qualified officers, you must recommend for promotion the best qualified officers within their respective competitive category. The following core considerations should guide your recommendations. Members assigned to brief individual records are expected to use these considerations to guide the review and structure of their briefs. Each board member is expected to apply this guidance when deliberating and voting. Considerations are:

## (1) Proven and Sustained Performance

- (a) You are statutorily required to pick the best officers. Proven and sustained superior performance in command and leadership positions in difficult and challenging assignments, including those in the diplomatic/foreign service arena, is the ultimate test of fitness for promotion. This is the number one factor that should guide your recommendations.
- (b) Command, whether at sea or ashore, is fundamentally about preparing for and leading in combat. You should select those officers who seize absolute ownership of their assigned mission and all that goes into its accomplishment. A command's mission is absolutely essential to the Navy's ability to fight and win. Look for those officers that imbue this belief in their team. Look for those that take

fierce pride in this obligation. Select the Commanders that are the example their team reflects and those that embody humility, selflessness, and complete transparency.

- (c) You must consider that the future Navy and joint force leadership will be comprised of a mix of officers that have excelled in both traditional and alternate career paths. You must consider the critical competency/skill sets developed by officers who have excelled in alternate career paths. You must seek those officers that have been relentless in building a culture of the highest character...a tough, resilient team that wins. Our nation needs and expects their Navy to remain above reproach, as a force they can admire and rely upon. Further, this board's charter is to select the future leadership of the Navy. Superior leadership skills may be developed in a variety of assignments, and may be found across the Navy from various communities, platforms, and career paths. There are no expectations that flag officers must be selected from only certain communities or platform assignments. Your challenge is to look broadly across the Navy without regard to community, platform, or career path to select the best qualified officers to serve as the future leaders of the Navy. Seek those officers that acknowledge the value of every Sailor and civilian. those that take care of themselves and their families, embrace diversity of thought and background, and foster inclusion and connectedness. Seek those that always do the right thing, especially when it is hard. Consider those that keep close watch on their own mental, physical, and emotional health, and the health of those they lead.
- (d) Our dynamic Navy requires equal consideration to those who have served in non-traditional, combat-related, nation-building roles. Successful performance and leadership in combat conditions demonstrate exceptional promotion potential and should be given special consideration.
- (e) You should also consider for promotion those men and women possessing the education, experience, and language skills that help improve the Navy's gender and cultural awareness and those who demonstrate mentoring skills that enhance the professional development of the Navy's future male and female leaders and the wide and varied diversity of the Navy.

(f) A critical goal of the Navy is to encourage -to demand -- innovation and efficiency to ensure that we retain an adaptive, flexible, and effective naval force able to anticipate events and win across the spectrum of conflict. your consideration, recognize that the continued preeminence of the Navy in the future is inextricably linked to its ability to successfully change and to manage for efficiency. Our future depends on male and female leaders who have demonstrated their awareness of this fact. Within the charter of best and fully qualified, seek to select these officers. Likewise, we must not restrict or limit the opportunity of any officer to think creatively, develop new ideas, take prudent risks, and maximize capabilities through sound management practices. Bear in mind that, in the context of a changing Navy, officers demonstrating innovative thinking, efficient management skills, prudent risktaking, and effective business practices may reflect a variety of backgrounds.

# (2) Education / Personal and Professional Development

- (a) The Navy's ability to support future operational requirements depends on a well-educated and trained officer workforce. The Navy needs officers who have helped create a culture of continuous learning demonstrated by their professional development through education and training. You shall favorably consider professional military education (PME), relevant graduate education, and experience in specialized areas. The PME Continuum integrates four components of education: advanced education, Navy-specific professional military education (NPME), JPME, and leadership development. Best and fully qualified candidates seek opportunities to improve performance by increasing their knowledge throughout their careers.
- (b) Applying advanced education in subspecialty tours and achieving specialized skills as reflected in Additional Qualification Designator codes are significant career milestones.

### (3) Statutory Promotion Objectives

(a) The following competency/skill sets are of such great importance to the Navy's future operational requirements that there are specific statutory goals associated with each:

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  - 1. joint duty, and
  - 2. acquisition workforce
- (b) Success in these assignments should be given special consideration. The statutory joint duty and acquisition workforce objectives, which are delineated in enclosure (3), represent critical requirements, which warrant particular consideration when determining which officers are best qualified for promotion. Members must note, however, that these promotion objectives do not alter the best and fully qualified selection standard. Members are not to meet these promotion objectives if meeting the objectives requires selection of officers who are not the best and fully qualified.
- (4) Demonstration of Core Attributes. The challenges facing our Navy are growing in scope, scale, and pace. these challenges, the Navy needs male and female leaders who have demonstrated estimable character and are prepared for decentralized operations. You should give careful consideration to officers who demonstrate the four core attributes that guide our decisions and actions: integrity, accountability, initiative, and toughness. Integrity may be demonstrated, as an individual or as a team member, when an officer displays conduct that is upright and honorable, and who works to strengthen the resolve of their peers, superiors, and subordinates. Accountability may be demonstrated by achieving and maintaining high standards, honestly assessing progress, and adjusting as required. Officers demonstrate initiative by taking ownership, acting to the limit of their authorities, and looking at new ideas with an open mind. Toughness can mean marshalling all sources of strength and resilience, including rigorous training, encouraging the fighting spirit of our people, and providing steadfast support of our families. Officers who demonstrate these core attributes ensure the U.S. Navy remains the world's finest Navy and deserve your careful consideration when selecting officers who are best and fully qualified.

## 4. Equal Opportunity Guidance

a. Diversity is the strength of Our Nation. The Navy benefits when we capitalize on the diverse experience, perspective, innovative spirit, background, and ideas in our ranks. Diversity is focused on maximizing the warfighting effectiveness of our Navy by drawing upon the entirety of our

talents and backgrounds. Diversity is not founded on statistics, percentages, or quotas. Diversity is about achieving peak performance. Our Navy should draw upon the entire possible set of talents and backgrounds to maximize our warfighting capability, innovate to address new threats and challenges, and take advantage of emergent opportunities.

- b. The Department of the Navy is dedicated to equality of treatment and opportunity for all personnel without regard to race, religion, color, sex (including pregnancy), gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, or national origin. The Navy strives to maintain a professional working environment in which any of these bases will not limit a Sailor's professional opportunities. Discrimination on any of these bases is contrary to the Department's core values of honor, courage, and commitment. Accordingly, within this board's charter to determine the officers who are "best and fully qualified," you must ensure that officers of every race, religion, color, sex (including pregnancy), gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, and national origin are given fair and equitable consideration.
- c. Your evaluation of all officers must be fair and equitable. You should be particularly vigilant in your evaluation of records to take care that no officer's promotion opportunity is disadvantaged by service utilization policies or practices. You should evaluate each officer's potential to assume the responsibilities of the next higher grade, including his or her ability to successfully lead a diverse organization, the overriding factor being performance of assigned duties.
- d. Impermissible Considerations. Promotion boards are prohibited from considering the following:
- (1) The marital status, civilian employment, religion, or volunteer service of an officer;
- (2) Any information regarding an officer's spouse, including, but not limited to, civilian or military employment, education, race, religion, color, sex (including pregnancy), gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, national origin, and volunteer service;
- (3) An officer's previous decision to opt out of a promotion selection board; and

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- (4) An officer's previous participation in the Career Intermission Program.
- e. The Navy has assigned some officers outside of traditional career development patterns, e.g., institutional instructors, diversity officers, recruiting, and equal opportunity billets. These assignments, though greatly beneficial to the Navy, may have foreclosed to the officers so assigned opportunities available to other officers. addition, other utilization policies or practices, such as those based on statutory restrictions on the assignment of women, may have had an effect on career opportunities. Such assignment practices should not prejudice the selection of these men and women for promotion; to do so may deny the Navy the diversity of talent, background, and experience we should seek and which is necessary for sustained success in our changing world. Successful performance of duties assigned is the key in measuring an officer's potential for promotion; duty performed well by men and women affected by such utilization policies or practices should be given weight equal to duty performed well by an officer not affected by such policies or practices.
- f. This guidance shall not be interpreted as requiring or permitting preferential treatment of any officer or group of officers on the grounds of race, religion, color, sex (including pregnancy), gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, or national origin.
- 5. Competency and Skill Guidelines (Unrestricted Line (URL)/Restricted Line (RL)/Staff Corps). Per 10 U.S.C. \$615(b)(4), all promotion selection boards convened by this order to consider eligible officers in the URL, RL, and Staff Corps shall apply the following guidelines relating to Navy's need for rear admirals (lower half) who possess the competencies and skills indicated.
- a. The Navy must continue to develop leaders who possess the competencies and skill areas listed in order of significance below. Give due consideration to demonstrated performance and expertise in these areas:
- (1) Experience in warfare areas of undersea warfare, air and missile defense, and cyber.

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- (2) Financial Management. Navy leadership must be able to develop and use the tools of sound financial management during decision-making processes. Those selected as flag officers will likely make decisions involving substantial resources. Multiple one, two, and three-star flag billets specifically require strong financial management experience as a prerequisite, and professional diversity in these senior flag financial management billets is key to long-term optimal resource allocation. It is critical that you carefully consider an officer's knowledge, skills, and abilities in financial management as you determine the future senior leadership in the Navy. Accordingly, in your deliberations you should consider those officers who have proven themselves in the area of financial management favorably over those officers with similar records and performance who lack such proven skills.
- (3) Operations Analysis. Senior Navy leaders must be able to fully leverage analysis and assessments to inform complex decisions involving substantial resources. Understanding and using big data analytics, statistical analysis, and optimization tools to improve Navy execution and drive stronger outcomes is fundamentally important to flag officer decision-making. Operations Analysis experience in senior flag billets is a key element for driving improved Navy decision making, valuation, and the assessments that underpin Navy positions. Accordingly, in your deliberations you should favorably consider those officers who have proven themselves in the area of Operations Analysis.
- (4) Language, regional expertise, and cultural (LREC) experience.
  - (5) Indo-Pacific Area Expertise Considerations
- (a) As indicated in the National Defense Strategy, China is leveraging military modernization and predatory economics to coerce neighboring countries to reorder the Indo-Pacific region to their advantage. As China continues to seek economic and military ascendance, it will continue to pursue a military modernization program that tries to displace the United States to achieve global preeminence in the future.

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- (b) Recognizing this challenge to U.S. national security interests, special consideration shall be given to officers who have excelled in their knowledge of the political-military affairs and U.S. strategic interests in the Indo-Pacific region.
- b. <u>Direct Support of Overseas Contingency Operations (OCO)/</u>
  <u>Irregular Warfare</u>. The board should give favorable consideration to those officers who, while serving in the grade of O-6, have displayed superior performance in a leadership role while serving in direct support of OCO or in irregular warfare assignments, in particular those assignments that are extraordinarily arduous or which involve significantly heightened personal risk. These individuals are developing valuable combat and nation-building skills under stressful conditions. Such assignments may not be typical of the officer's traditional community career path and the officer may be rated by a reporting senior unfamiliar with the officer's specialty and the Navy fitness report system.

# 6. Competency and Skill Guidelines

Unrestricted Line. Per 10 U.S.C. §615(b)(4), the URL promotion selection board shall apply the following guidelines relating to the Navy's need to fill FY-25 critical vacancies with specified numbers of URL rear admirals (lower half) who possess the competencies and skills outlined in Table 1. most cases, critical vacancies are identified in the Tables by officer designators, which themselves reflect the particular competencies and skills possessed by officers in the respective communities. You shall apply these quidelines in conjunction with the best and fully qualified selection standard, and in no case shall the Navy's need for specified numbers of officers to fill the vacancies be interpreted as a quota. As such, when applying the best and fully qualified standard, give strong consideration to those officers who possess the competencies and skills necessary to fill the FY-25 critical vacancies, as outlined below. The board is encouraged to give favorable consideration to some proven performers immediately out of major command who have not yet had observed performance in a follow-on staff tour.

TABLE 1
GUIDELINES RELATING TO NAVY'S NEED FOR URL OFFICERS (NON-AP)
WITH PARTICULAR COMPETENCIES AND SKILLS

FY-25 CRITICAL VACANCY	NUMBER OF OFFICER(S) NEEDED	COMPETENCIES AND SKILLS REQUIRED FOR CRITICAL VACANCY
Surface Warfare (111x)	3	Vacancies in 1110 O-7 billets require proven performance in major command. Must have commanding knowledge of naval and other service doctrine with the ability to employ joint and/or naval task forces in military operations worldwide or to employ new afloat platforms (LCS, DDG 1000, or unmanned). Demonstrated experience in surface warfare tactics and procedures required.
Surface Warfare (111X)	1	Vacancy in 1110 O-7 billet requires proven performance in major command. Must have commanding knowledge of naval and other service doctrine with the ability to employ joint and/or naval task forces in military operations worldwide.  Demonstrated experience in surface warfare tactics and procedures and nuclear propulsion required.
Submarine Warfare (112X)	2	Vacancies in 1120 O-7 billets require proven performance in major command. Exceptional knowledge in submarine warfare tactics and significant experience mentoring submarine commanding officers or training submarine crews as a major commander afloat is required. Demonstrated performance overseeing submarine force generation, employment, and operations at the post-command level, the ability to employ joint and/or naval task forces in military operations worldwide, or experience as a senior executive assistant/chief of staff/military assistant on the Joint Staff, OSD, OPNAV or Fleet/Type Commander staffs is required.

Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-25 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE AND STAFF CORPS ON THE ACTIVE-DUTY LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF REAR ADMIRAL (LOWER HALF)

Special Warfare (113X)	2	Vacancies in 1130 O-7 joint billets require proven performance in major command and joint assignment. Commanding knowledge of special warfare missions, tactics, and operational capabilities with the ability to employ joint and/or naval task forces in military operations worldwide is required.
Installation Manager	1	Vacancy in 0-7 billet requires proven performance in command of a major shore installation as well as additional postmajor command experience in shore management (such as, but not limited to: a region staff, CNIC Headquarters staff, OPNAV N4, or ASN (EI&E) staff).
Naval Aviator / Naval Flight Officer (13XX)	5	Vacancies in 1310/1320 O-7 billets require proven performance in major command to include nuclear carrier (CVN CO), carrier air wing (CAG), type aircraft commander (Commodore), task force or ship deep draft command (conventional CO). Must have commanding knowledge of naval and other service doctrine with the ability to employ joint and/or naval task forces in military operations worldwide and strong experience in strategic command and control, tactical aviation, and operational readiness.
11xx/13xx	3	Vacancies in URL 0-7 billets require proven performance in major command. Must have commanding knowledge of naval and other service doctrine with the ability to employ joint and/or naval task forces in military operations worldwide. Extensive experience and a broad background in naval warfare desired, giving favorable consideration for effectual performance in personnel management, programming, budgeting, requirements generation, cyberspace, space, information warfare, unmanned, and/or strategic mission.
11XX/13XX	1	Vacancy in URL 07 billet requires proven performance in command with specific experience in Space, Cyberspace and/or Information Operations.
11XX/13XX	1	Vacancy in URL 07 billet requires proven performance in command with specific experience in amphibious operations command.

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- b. Acquisition Line Community (ACQ). The Navy has requirements for Acquisition Line flag officers with broad-based technical and acquisition business experience with proven records of flexibility, innovation, and change leadership. In the context of best and fully qualified, the needs of the Navy require officers with proven capacity for leadership and the competencies and skills identified in Table 2. The acquisition cadre benefits from both the extensive acquisition and maintenance expertise of the Engineering Duty (ED/1440) and Aviation Engineering Duty (AED/1500) communities and the operational experience of acquisition professionals who have commanded aircraft, ships and submarines (AV/AP/13XX, SW/AP/1110, SS/AP/1120). The board should take both of these diverse career paths into account as well as overall balance of the acquisition cadre when making their selection.

TABLE 2
GUIDELINES RELATING TO NAVY'S NEED FOR ACQ OFFICERS
WITH PARTICULAR COMPETENCIES AND SKILLS

FY-25 CRITICAL VACANCY	NUMBER OF OFFICER(S) NEEDED	COMPETENCIES AND SKILLS REQUIRED FOR CRITICAL VACANCY
Acquisition Workforce (11X0 or 1440)	1	Vacancy in O-7 billet requires broad-based submarine technical, acquisition, and/or maintenance experience. Experience as a Major Program Manager of an ACAT I/II submarine and/or associated undersea combat/sonar systems acquisition program is required.
Acquisition Workforce (11X0 or 1440)	1	Vacancy in O-7 billet requires significant experience in successfully leading nuclear capable public shipyards with expertise in Fleet maintenance and repair of both aircraft carriers and submarines.
Acquisition Workforce (11X0 or 1440)	1	Vacancy in O-7 billet to fill NAVSEA Chief Engineer position requires broad-based technical, acquisition, and programmatic and nuclear experience. Experience as a Shipyard Commander or Major Program Manager of an ACAT I/II platform (submarine/surface/ unmanned) program, or Supervisor of Shipbuilding is required.

Acquisition Workforce	1	Vacancy in O-7 billet requires broad-based technical, acquisition, maintenance, and sustainment experience. Experience as a
(13XX or 15XX)		Major Program Manager of an ACAT I/II aviation acquisition program is required.

- c. Information Warfare Community (IWC). The Navy needs two Information Warfare (IW) officers who are agile, flexible, and capable of leading across the broadest range of IW disciplines in support of employing joint and/or naval task forces in military operations worldwide. As such, board members should view an officer's performance in leadership assignments as an indicator of his or her ability to serve as an IW flag officer. In making your determination to be fully qualified, officers must have demonstrated success in 0-6 command. Best qualified officers will also have demonstrated success in leadership in operationally challenging environments and in post major command critical assignments. Specific requirements:
- (1) The Navy needs one officer who is capable of leading and integrating Information Warfare (IW) as Commander, Fleet Information Warfare Command, Pacific, responsible for planning, coordinating, and directing Information Related Capabilities to shape the information environment. This position serves as the Information Warfare Task Force (TF-501), directly supporting Commander, U.S. Pacific Fleet and as Commander, Joint Forces Maritime Component Commander under United States Indo-Pacific Command. The officer needs to be flexible and have broad IW experience to include operational networks and assured communications experience.
- (2) The Navy needs one officer who has proven performance in command and extensive experience in information intensive capabilities across all IW disciplines and all warfare areas and domains. The officer must have experience in Naval operations and integrating information warfare effects at the tactical and operational levels in order to command the Naval Information Warfare Development Center (NIWDC). The officer needs to have broad expert knowledge in IW and the cyber mission set, warfare doctrine, tactics, techniques and procedures, and should have recent experience in the Indo-Pacific region.
- d. <u>Foreign Expertise</u>. Vacancy in O-7 joint billet requires an officer with a thorough operational background, knowledge of joint matters, experience in strategy development/policy formation, and familiarity with national strategy

implementation, including the inter-agency process of national security decision-making. Previous joint or inter-agency assignment, substantive international experience, and security cooperation/building partner capacity experience are required. The officer selected must be capable of excelling throughout the full spectrum of Senior Defense Official/Defense Attaché responsibilities to include: representing the Defense Intelligence Agency and leading an intelligence team in-country, effectively advising senior Department of Defense leadership; offering substantive counsel to the assigned United States Ambassador and Country Team; quiding policy makers and related discussions involving high-level policy/strategy development; managing multi-unit personnel and administrative, fiscal, logistical, and reporting demands. Other highly desirable attributes include: knowledge of Chinese culture and language; broad exposure to the Asia-Pacific region; leading the integration of Joint Force Operations abroad; previous Combatant Command and/or Washington assignments with a focus on policy formation; strong exposure to the development of strategic objectives (especially relating to Great Power Competition); an advanced academic degree rooted in international security; attendance at Senior Service College and some practical or academic experience in Chinese topics.

- e. <u>Supply Corps</u>. The Navy has Supply Corps flag officers serving in a wide array of Navy and joint assignments requiring expertise in diverse functional areas. When selecting future Supply Corps flag officers, the most fully qualified officers under consideration will be both JQO and acquisition workforce. In accordance with 10 U.S.C. §619a and DoDI 1300.19, Supply Corps officers designated acquisition workforce may receive a technical waiver of the JQO requirement. Supply Corps officers not designated acquisition workforce are statutorily required to be JQO in order to be appointed to the grade of O-7. Future leaders of the Supply Corps should possess:
- (1) Exceptional leadership ability with demonstrated integrity and success in O-6 command assignments.
- (2) Acknowledged leadership within one principal Supply Corps competency (supply chain management, life-cycle-logistics, acquisition, contracting, financial, or fleet logistics at the operational level of war), and experience in another.

- Subj: ORDER CONVENING THE FY-25 PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS TO CONSIDER OFFICERS IN THE LINE AND STAFF CORPS ON THE ACTIVE-DUTY LIST OF THE NAVY FOR PERMANENT PROMOTION TO THE GRADE OF REAR ADMIRAL (LOWER HALF)
- (3) Broad experience supporting Navy's operational forces and the logistics support network that supports them.

The officers selected must be able to perform effectively and contribute at the highest levels to drive end-to-end supply chain integration and reform Navy's supply chains to increase readiness, lethality, and affordability.

- f. <u>Civil Engineer Corps</u>. As the Navy's and Marine Corps' Civil Engineers, the CEC manages and directs the Navy's expeditionary engineering and Systems Command (SYSCOM) infrastructure life-cycle efforts for the shore across the globe through all phases of military operations.
- (1) Civil Engineer Corps billets develop four broad skill sets:
- (a) Naval Construction Force and Expeditionary Leadership/Contingency-Theater Engineering;
- (b) SYSCOM Technical Authorities for construction, facilities, real estate, and equipment acquisitions;
  - (c) Public Works Management; and
  - (d) Navy or Joint Staff.
- (2) Service in Operational/Expeditionary units (Seabees, special warfare, U.S. Marine Corps, or other Navy Expeditionary Combat Command commands) develops contingency/expeditionary engineering expertise and tactical proficiencies, and service in Facilities Engineering Commands develops the SYSCOM Technical Acquisition Authorities and Public Works Management competencies. Staff assignments typically draw upon all four skill sets.
- (3) Civil Engineer Corps officers are expected to develop competence in all four skill sets through ever-increasing job responsibility, attainment of professional qualifications, and command.
- (4) Civil Engineer Corps officers are expected to earn a warfare qualification, be designated as a member of the acquisition workforce, and earn licensure as a Professional Engineer or Registered Architect.

- (5) Civil Engineer Corps officers are expected to attain a Masters-level degree in engineering or architecture, construction management, or business management.
- (6) Civil Engineer Corps officers may receive a scientific waiver and, as designated acquisition workforce, may receive a technical waiver, of the requirement to be designated JQO for selection to flag.
- (7) Excellence in command of a Facilities Engineering Command, Seabee/Expeditionary Command, or other shore command at both the 0-5 and 0-6 level, 0-6 theater tours, flag staff assignments to include experience in Planning Programming, Budgeting, and Execution System process, and proficiency in community matters are strong indicators of an officer's ability to meet the increased demands of community flag leadership positions.

## g. Senior Health Care Executive

(1) Navy Medicine requires one Senior Health Care Executive (SHCE) 0-7 officer, who possesses knowledge and experience in a variety of settings including Fleet and Fleet Marine Corps operational medicine, joint medical operations, and garrison health care delivery missions. As such, board members should view an officer's performance in operational and healthcare leadership assignments as an indicator of their ability to serve as a SHCE flag officer. Officers must have demonstrated exceptionally high professional competence applying Navy-proven leadership, critical thinking, and problem-solving best practices that empower their personnel to achieve systemsbased sustained superior performance across all facets of health services support. They must understand Fleet/Fleet Marine Force requirements development and acquisition processes. be leaders who have shown a willingness to readily assess themselves and their organization with honesty, humbleness, and transparency. They must possess the skills to accomplish datadriven, risk-informed process improvements addressing systematic root causes of identified problems and creating an environment to identify risk at every level. Our naval medical leadership must be drawn from those officers who clearly understand and demonstrate capacity to successfully meet Navy Medicine's obligation to deliver trained and certified medical capabilities facilitating all phases of force development, force generation, force preservation, and full restoration of the warfighter. Strongest consideration should be given to those officers who

have demonstrated success in O-6 command, leadership in operational environments, and major headquarter tours such as Fleet/Type Commander staff, OPNAV, Bureau of Medicine, or Defense Health Agency.

(2) 10 U.S.C. §1251(a) establishes the general rule that a regular officer serving below the grade of O-7 shall be retired on the first day of the month following the month in which the officer becomes 62 years of age. 10 U.S.C. §1253(a) establishes the general rule that a regular commissioned officer serving in a flag officer grade, unless separated or retired earlier, shall be retired on the first day of the month following the month in which the officer becomes 64 years of age. There are no statutory exceptions to this general rule applicable to medical community flag officers. If an officer will be 64 or older upon the effective date of appointment to the grade of O-7, 10 U.S.C. §1253 would prevent the officer from serving in the grade of O-7. If the officer is under 64 years of age upon the effective date of appointment, but subsequently turns age 64 at a later date, 10 U.S.C. §1253 would require an involuntary retirement for age. Generally, officers who voluntarily retire must serve three years in the grade of O-7 to retire as an 0-7. In your deliberations you may consider these statutory age requirements to the degree that they may affect an officer's ability to best serve the Navy's needs as an O-7.

Carlos Del Toro

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#### BOARD MEMBERSHIP

#### FY-25 ACTIVE-DUTY NAVY

# REAR ADMIRAL (LOWER HALF) LINE AND STAFF PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS

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\*RDML Tracy L. Hines, USN (IWC/AP)

RDML Stephen J. Jackson, USN (EOD)

# 7. <u>Senior Health Care Executive</u>

ADM Samuel J. Paparo JR., USN (AV) - President
\*\*RADM Yvette M. Davids, USN (SW)
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RDML Guido F. Valdes, SHCE, USN
\*RDML Tracy L. Hines, USN (IWC/AP)

- \* Acquisition Corps Representative
- \*\* Joint Representative

### STATUTORY AND REGULATORY PROMOTION OBJECTIVES

# (These objectives DO NOT alter the best and fully qualified selection standard discussed in the convening order)

- 1. <u>Statutory Joint Objectives</u>. For officers assigned to joint duty, within the best and fully qualified standard, the board shall strive to ensure that the following statutory promotion objectives are achieved:
- a. Officers who are serving, or have served, on the Joint Staff (JS) are expected, as a group, to be promoted to the next higher grade at a rate not less than the rate for officers in the same grade and competitive category who are serving on, or have served on, Navy Headquarters staff; and,

## JS Rate ≥ HQ Rate of Selection

b. Officers in the grades of lieutenant commander or above, who have been designated as a joint qualified officer (JQO), are expected, as a group, to be promoted to the next higher grade at a rate not less than the rate for all officers in the same grade and competitive category.

## JQO Rate ≥ Overall Selection Rate for Category

2. Statutory Acquisition Workforce Objective. In accordance with 10 U.S.C.  $\S1731$ , Acquisition (ACQ) Workforce officers are expected, as a group, to be promoted at a rate not less than the rate for all line (or the equivalent) officers (both in the zone (IZ) and below the zone (BZ)), in the same grade.

## ACQ Workforce Rate ≥ All Line (or Equivalent) Selection Rate (IZ & BZ)

3. Regulatory Objective. Although not contained in statute, the Secretary of Defense has established an additional promotion objective as a matter of policy. Officers who are serving, or have served since their last promotion board, on the staff of the Secretary of Defense are expected, as a group, to be promoted to the next higher grade at a rate not less than the rate for all officers in the same grade and competitive category who are serving, or who have served since their last promotion board, at Navy Headquarters staff.

## OSD Rate ≥ HQ Rate of Selection

4. Prior to adjournment, the board must review the extent to which the statutory and regulatory promotion objectives have been met.